

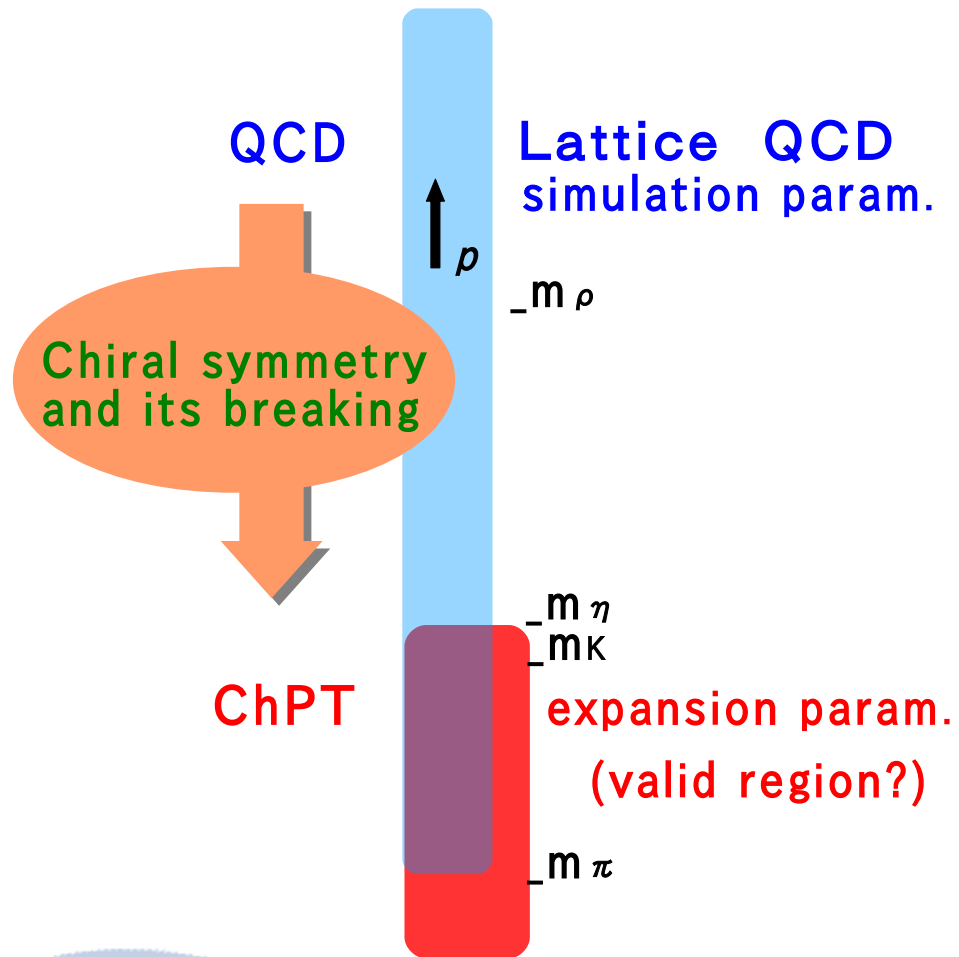
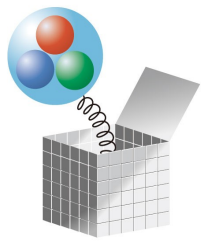
Convergence of ChPT in dynamical lattice QCD with exact chiral symmetry

Jun Noaki for JLQCD Collaboration

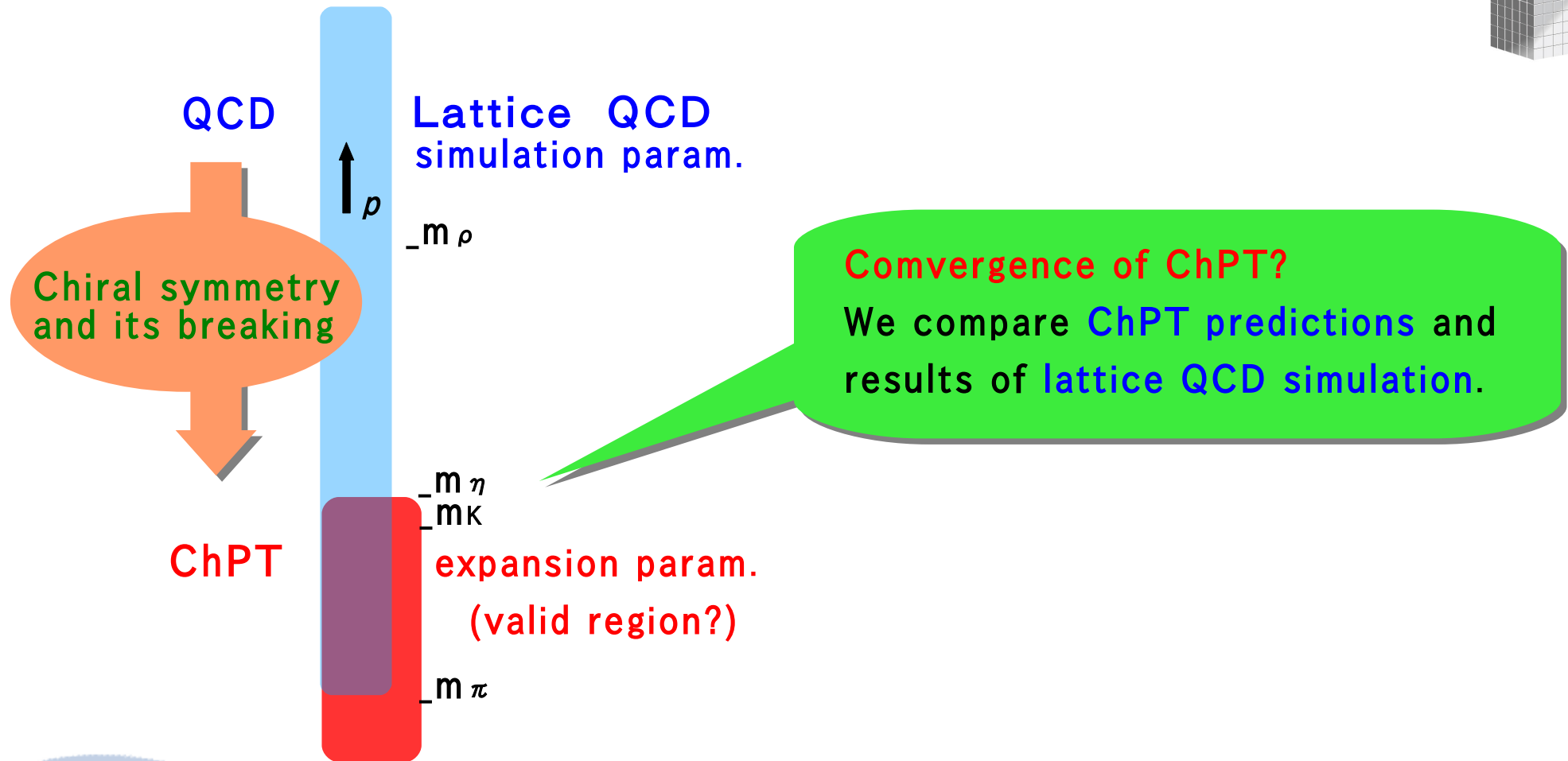
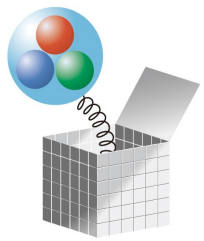
High Energy Accelerator Research Organization (KEK)



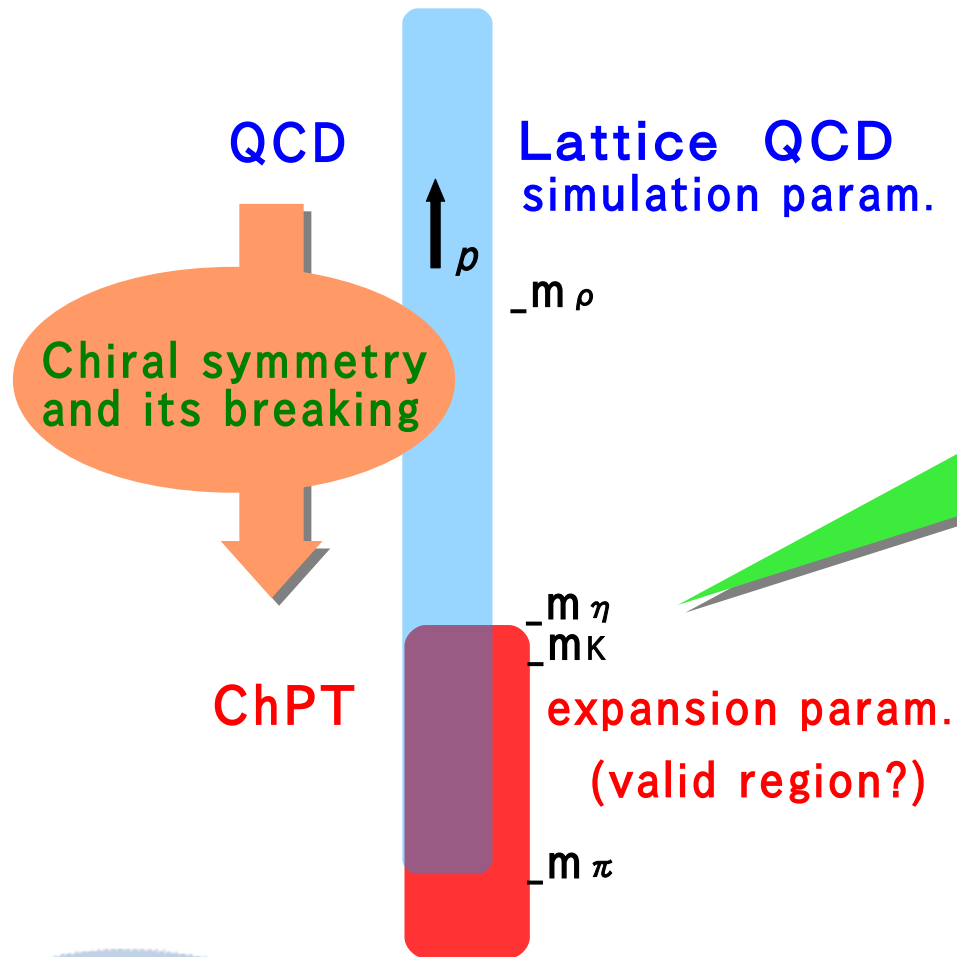
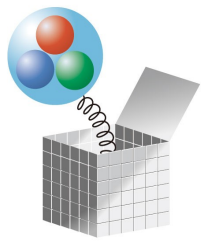
ChPT vs Lattice QCD



ChPT vs Lattice QCD



ChPT vs Lattice QCD

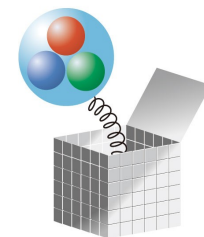


Convergence of ChPT?

We compare ChPT predictions and results of lattice QCD simulation.

- ▶ Chiral behavior of m_π , f_π
- ▶ Exact chiral symmetry is crucial.
- ▶ Overlap fermion is promising.
- ▶ Dynamical simulation by JLQCD collaboration
- ▶ ChPT does not converge at NLO
- ▶ Kaon physics requires NNLO ChPT.

Members



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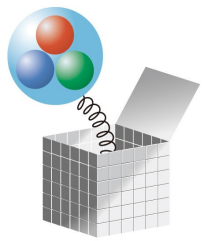
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Hiroshima: K.I. Ishikawa, M. Okawa

Taipei (TWQCD): T.W. Chiu, T.H. Hsieh, K. Ogawa

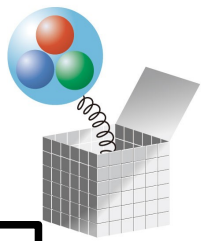
Plan



- Numerical simulation 5mins
 - Overlap fermion /simulation setup
- Convergence of ChPT ($N_f=2$) 10mins
 - ChPT vs LQCD
- Results in the $N_f=2+1$ simulation 5mins
 - Extrapolation of (m_π , m_K , f_π , f_K)
to the physical point
- Summary



Chiral fermion on the lattice



Overlap operator

$$D_{ov} = m_0 \left(1 + \gamma_5 \text{sign}(H_W) \right), \quad H_W = \gamma_5 D_W(-m_0)$$

▶ **Ginsparg-Wilson relation** satisfied

Neuberger, 1998

- **Exact chiral symm for any Nf**
- **Index theorem holds**

● Theoretical studies

▶ Chiral symmetry Breaking

- Banks-Casher relation
- Chiral RMT
- Chiral properties

▶ Topology

- θ -vacuum, χ_{top}

● Phenomenological studies

▶ Coordinated chiral extrapolation

- **LECs in continuum ChPT**

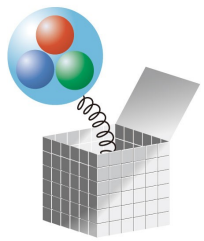
▶ Flavor physics

- **m_s , f_K/f_π , B_K , form factors**

▶ OPE, vacuum polarization

- $m_d - m_u$, α_s , S-parameter

JLQCD's overlap simulation



- Iwasaki glue + Overlap quarks

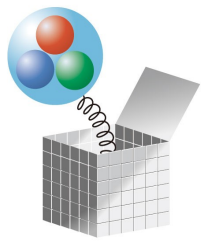
- $N_f = 2$

a / a^{-1}	size [fm ⁴]	Q	am_{sea}
0.09 fm/1.85 GeV	1.5 ³ x2.9	0	0.0020 (ϵ -regime)
0.12 fm/1.67 GeV	1.9 ³ x3.8	0	0.015-0.100 (6pts)
		-2, -4	0.050

- $N_f = 2+1$

a / a^{-1}	size [fm ⁴]	Q	am_s	am_{ud}
0.11 fm/1.83 GeV	1.8 ³ x5.3	0	0.080	0.015-0.080 (5pts)
		0	0.100	0.015-0.100 (5pts)
		0	0.080	0.002 (ϵ -regime)
		1	0.080	0.015
	2.6 ³ x5.3	0	0.080	0.015, 0.025 running

JLQCD's overlap simulation



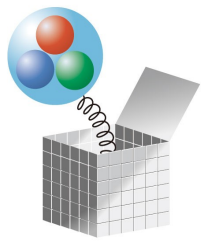
- Iwasaki glue + Overlap quarks

- $N_f = 2$

a / a^{-1}	size [fm ⁴]	Q	am_{sea}
0.09 fm/1.85 GeV	1.5 ³ x2.9	0	0.0020 (ϵ -regime)
0.12 fm/1.67 GeV	1.9 ³ x3.8	0	0.015-0.100 (6pts)
$290 \text{ MeV} < m_\pi < 750 \text{ MeV}$		-2,-4	0.050

- $N_f = 2+1$

a / a^{-1}	size [fm ⁴]	Q	am_s	am_{ud}
0.11 fm/1.83 GeV	1.8 ³ x5.3	0	0.080	0.015-0.080 (5pts)
		0	0.100	0.015-0.100 (5pts)
$310 \text{ MeV} < m_\pi < 800 \text{ MeV}$		0	0.080	0.002 (ϵ -regime)
		1	0.080	0.015
	2.6 ³ x5.3	0	0.080	0.015,0.025 running

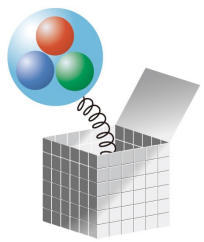


Convergence of ChPT from light meson spectrum

JLQCD+TWQCD PRL101, 202004 (2008)



Test of NLO ChPT

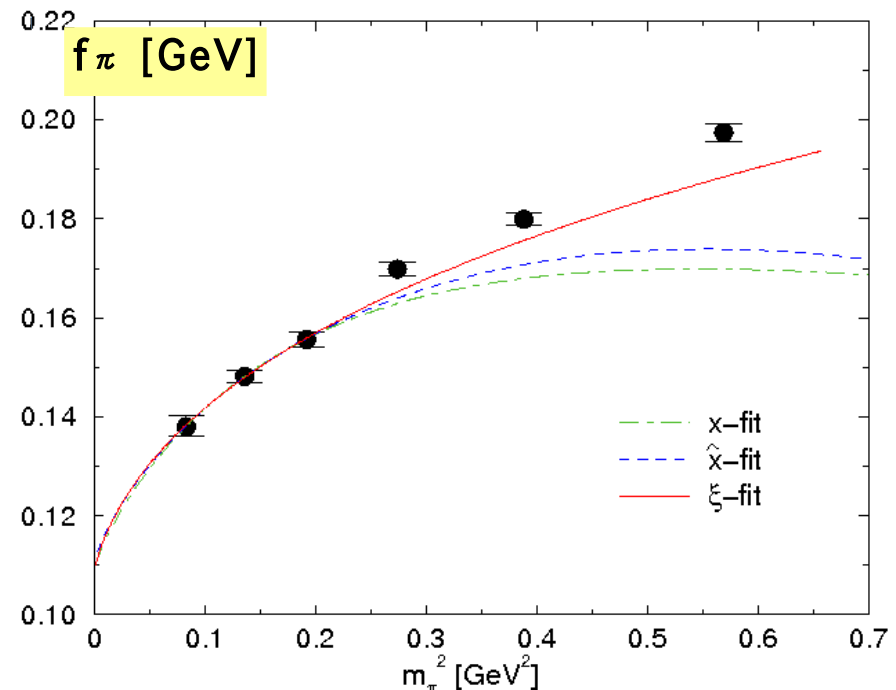
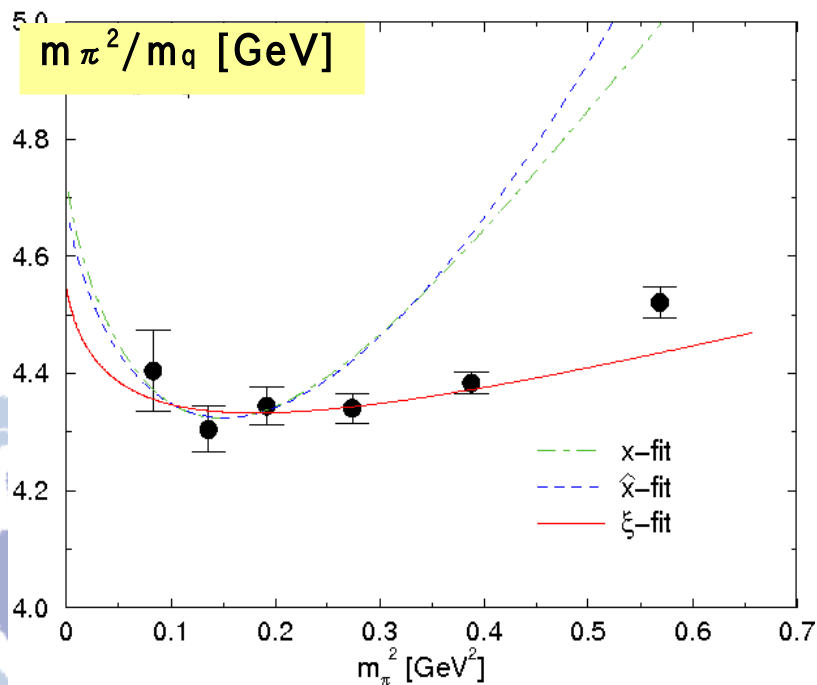


- Useful guide of lattice calc.
 - ▶ important question: “ $m_\kappa=450$ MeV is accommodated?”
- Stability in variation of expansion parameters.

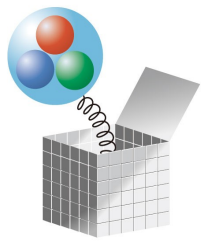
$$m_\pi^2/m_q = 2B\left(1 + \frac{1}{2}x \ln x\right) + c_3 x \quad x = 2 \frac{2Bm_q}{(4\pi f)^2} \quad \hat{x} = 2 \left(\frac{m_\pi}{4\pi f}\right)^2 \quad \xi = 2 \left(\frac{m_\pi}{4\pi f_\pi}\right)^2$$

$$f_\pi = f(1 - x \ln x) + c_4 x$$

- ▶ Simul. fit of the lightest 3 data.

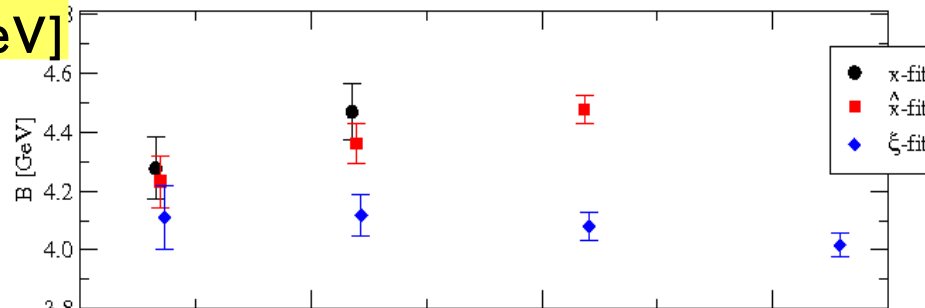


Test of NLO ChPT



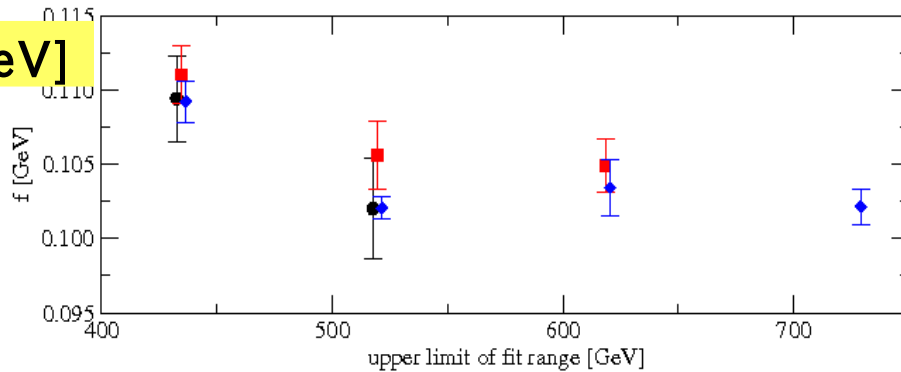
- Mass region where NLO ChPT is valid

B [GeV]



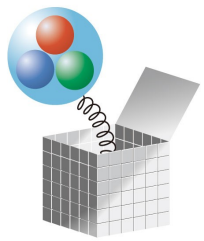
fit with $\chi^2/\text{dof} < 2.0$

f [GeV]



- ▶ **NLO fails around $m_\pi = 450$ MeV**
- ▶ ξ is most promising. (resummation through f_π)
- ▶ For better precision,
 - Lighter m_π points (expensive)
 - Take **NNLO effect** into account → next step

$N_f = 2$, NNLO ChPT



● NNLO with ξ Colangelo et al., 1997

$$m_\pi^2/m_q = 2B \left[1 + \frac{1}{2} \xi \ln \xi + \frac{7}{8} (\xi \ln \xi)^2 + \left(\frac{c_4}{f} - \frac{1}{3} (\tilde{l} + 16) \right) \xi^2 \ln \xi \right] + c_3 \xi \left(1 - \frac{9}{2} \xi \ln \xi \right) + \alpha \xi^2$$

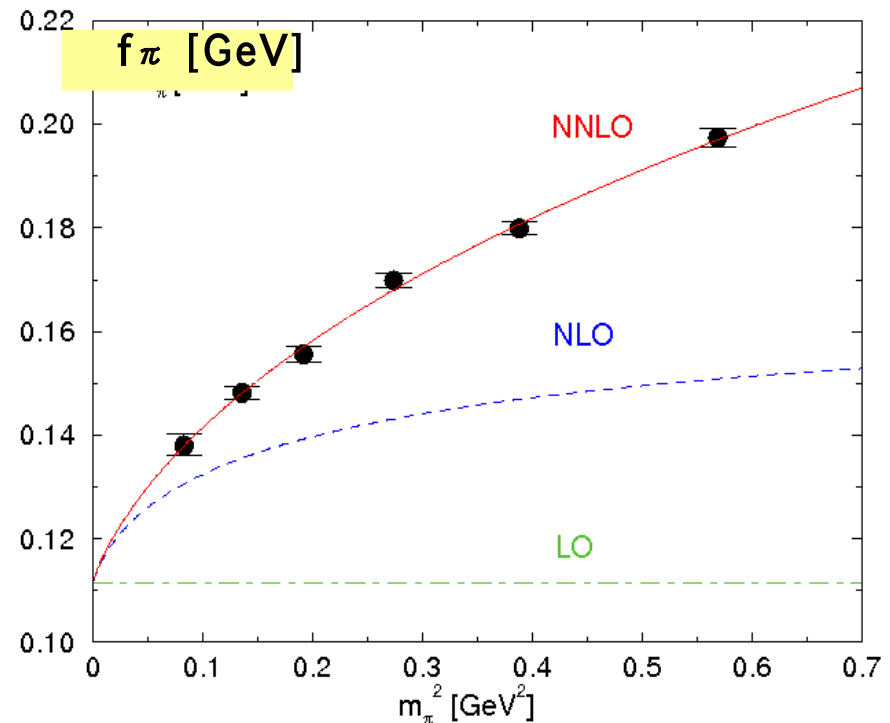
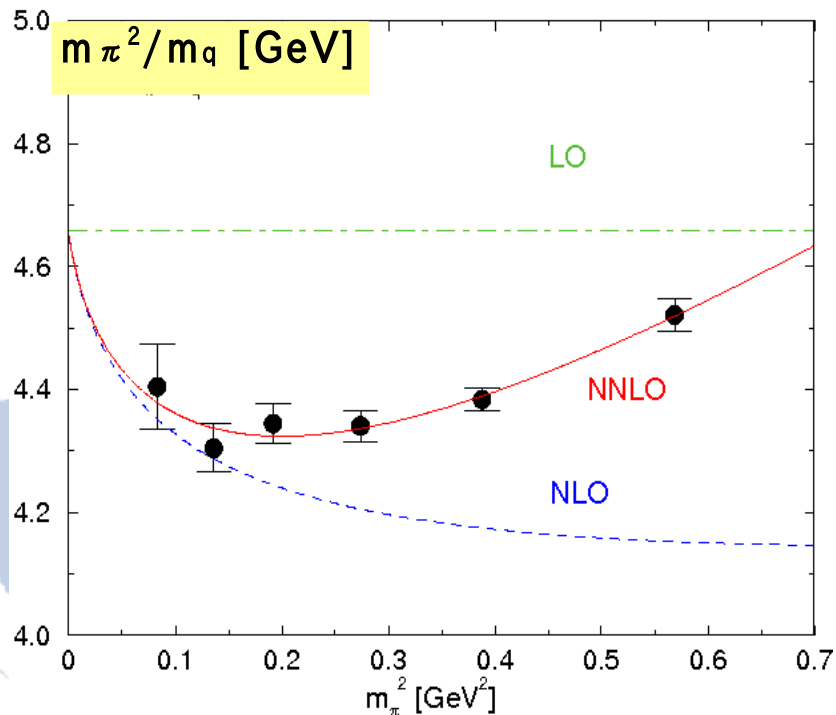
$$f_\pi = f \left[1 - \xi \ln \xi + \frac{5}{4} (\xi \ln \xi)^2 + \frac{1}{6} \left(\tilde{l} + \frac{53}{2} \right) \xi^2 \ln \xi \right] + c_4 \xi (1 - 5 \xi \ln \xi) + \beta \xi^2$$

input: $\tilde{l} = 7\bar{l}_1 + 8\bar{l}_2 + \text{cnst.}$

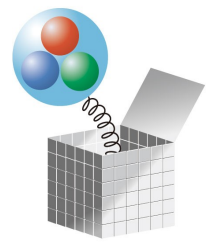
▶ Reasonable quality of fit: $\chi^2/\text{dof} = 1.40$

▶ Correction at 500 MeV:

LO \rightarrow NLO	-10%	+28%
NLO \rightarrow NNLO	+3%	+18%



NLO vs NNLO



- Test of the ξ -expansion
 - ▶ Heavier data fit to NLO (**NLO is OK?**)
 - ▶ Check of **LECs** needed
 - ▶ Significant deviations from NNLO fit

- ▶ **NNLO is required** for consistency with phenomenology/independent calcs.

$$f = 111.7(3.5)(1.0)(+6.0/-0.0) \text{ MeV}$$

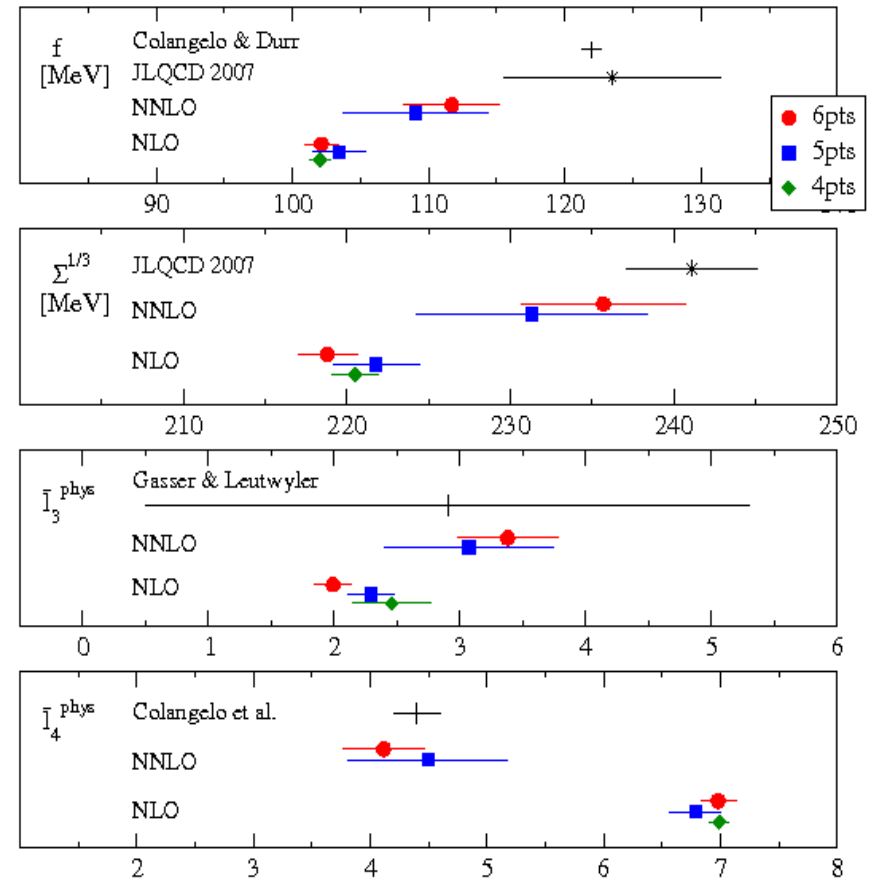
$$l_3(m_\pi) = 3.38(40)(24)(+31/-0)$$

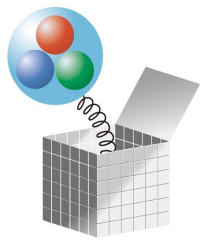
$$l_4(m_\pi) = 4.12(35)(30)(+31/-0)$$

$$\Sigma = [235.7(5.0)(2.0)(+12.7/-0.0) \text{ MeV}]^3$$

$$m_{ud}(2\text{GeV}) = 4.452(81)(38)(+0/-227) \text{ MeV}$$

$$f_\pi = 119.6(3.0)(1.0)(+6.4/-0.0) \text{ MeV}$$



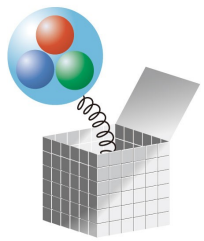


Results in $N_f=2+1$

~ Application to Kaon physics ~

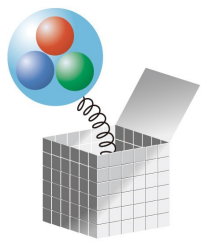


Kaon Physics on LQCD



- Kaon is out of NLO ChPT.
- Possible lattice strategies:
 - ▶ Simulation **on the physical point** (m_{ud}, m_s)
 - Very expensive
 - No extrapolation, **give up to determine LECs.**
 - ▶ Integrate out the strange quark: **SU(2) + O(m_{ud}/m_s)**
Gasser et al, 2007; RBC+UKQCD, 2008; PACS-CS, 2008
 - NLO extrapolation possible, **SU(2) LECs are determined.**
 - ▶ Inclusion of the **higher order effect** (NNLO)
 - Requires two-loop calculation
 - **Only way to determine SU(3) LECs**
 - Some LECs are imported as inputs.

Reduced SU(2) ChPT



- NLO formulae Gasser et al, 2007; RBC+UKQCD, 2008

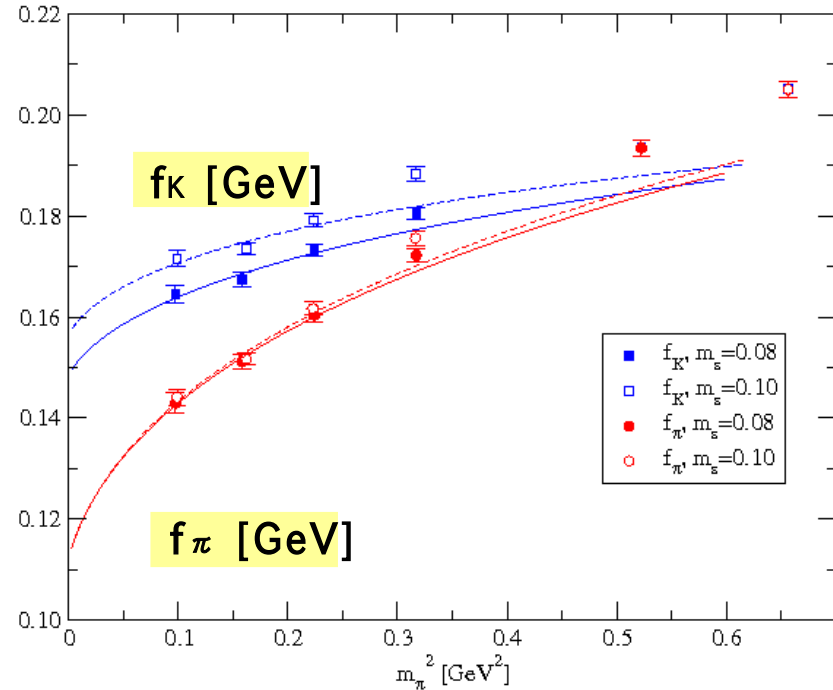
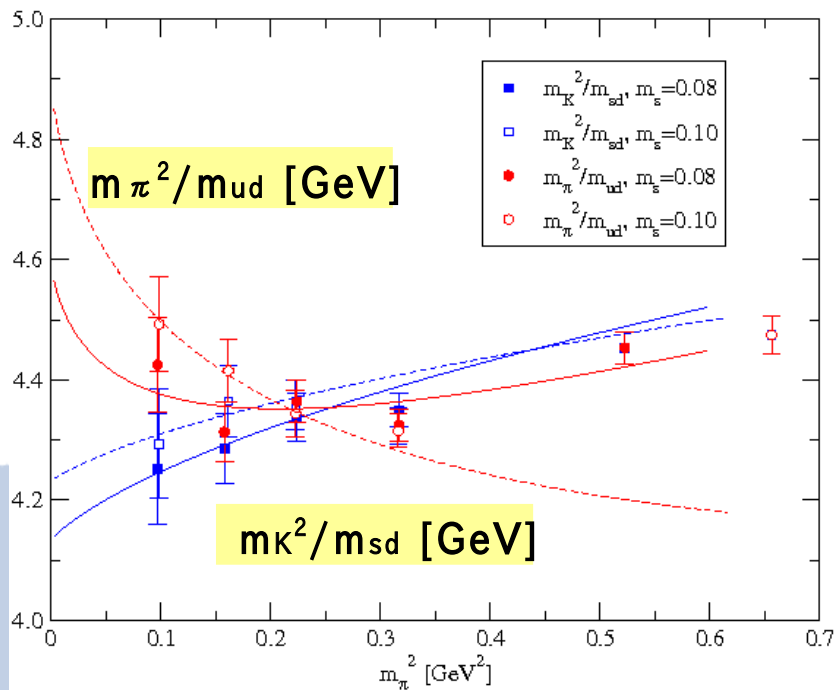
$$m_\pi^2/m_{ud} = 2B(1 + \frac{1}{2}\xi \ln \xi) + c_3 \xi$$

$$f_\pi = f(1 - \xi \ln \xi) + c_4 \xi$$

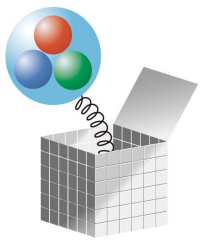
$$m_K^2/m_{sd} = 2B^{(K)}(1 + l_1^{(K)}\xi)$$

$$f_K = f^{(K)}(1 - \frac{3}{8}\xi \ln \xi + l_2^{(K)}\xi)$$

- Fit with the 3 lightest points: $\chi^2/\text{dof} < 2.0$



N_f=2+1, NNLO ChPT

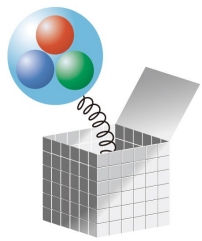


- $m_{\pi}^2/m_{ud}, m_K^2/m_{sd}$ Amoros, Bijens and Talavera, 2000

$$\begin{aligned}
 m_{\pi}^2/m_{ud} = & 2B_0 \left[1 + \frac{1}{2}\xi_{\pi} \ln \xi_{\pi} - \frac{1}{6}\xi_{\eta} \ln \xi_{\eta} - (\xi_{\pi} + \xi_K)\xi_{\pi} \ln \xi_{\pi} - \xi_K^2 \ln \xi_K - \left(\frac{553}{144} + \frac{1}{2}\xi_K/\xi_{\pi}\right)(\xi_{\pi} \ln \xi_{\pi})^2 \right. \\
 & - \xi_{\pi}\xi_K \ln \xi_{\pi} \ln \xi_K + \frac{1}{4}\xi_{\pi}\xi_{\eta} \ln \xi_{\pi} \ln \xi_{\eta} - \left(\frac{1}{8}\xi_{\pi}/\xi_K + \frac{7}{4}\right)(\xi_K \ln \xi_K)^2 - \frac{1}{3}\xi_K \xi_{\eta} \ln \xi_K \ln \xi_{\eta} \\
 & - \frac{5}{36}(\xi_{\pi}/\xi_{\eta} + \frac{5}{4})(\xi_{\eta} \ln \xi_{\eta})^2 \\
 & + \frac{5}{8}H(\xi_{\pi}, \xi_{\pi}, \xi_{\pi}, \xi_{\pi})\xi_{\pi} - \frac{5}{8}H(\xi_{\pi}, \xi_K, \xi_K, \xi_{\pi})\xi_{\pi} + \frac{1}{18}H(\xi_{\pi}, \xi_{\eta}, \xi_{\eta}, \xi_{\pi})\xi_{\pi} \\
 & + H(\xi_K, \xi_{\pi}, \xi_K, \xi_{\pi})\xi_K - \frac{5}{8}H(\xi_K, \xi_K, \xi_{\eta}, \xi_{\pi})\xi_{\pi} + \frac{3}{8}H(\xi_{\eta}, \xi_K, \xi_K, \xi_{\pi})\xi_{\eta} \\
 & + H_1(\xi_{\pi}, \xi_K, \xi_K, \xi_{\pi})\xi_{\pi} + 2H_1(\xi_K, \xi_K, \xi_{\eta}, \xi_{\pi})\xi_{\pi} + 3H_{21}(\xi_{\pi}, \xi_{\pi}, \xi_{\pi}, \xi_{\pi})\xi_{\pi} \\
 & - \frac{3}{8}H_{21}(\xi_{\pi}, \xi_K, \xi_K, \xi_{\pi})\xi_{\pi} + 3H_{21}(\xi_K, \xi_{\pi}, \xi_K, \xi_{\pi})\xi_{\pi} + \frac{9}{8}H_{21}(\xi_{\eta}, \xi_K, \xi_K, \xi_{\pi})\xi_{\pi} \\
 & - L_1^r (56\xi_{\pi}^2 \ln \xi_{\pi} + 64\xi_K^2 \ln \xi_K + 16\xi_{\eta}^2 \ln \xi_{\eta}) - L_2^r (32\xi_{\pi}^2 \ln \xi_{\pi} + 16\xi_K^2 \ln \xi_K + 4\xi_{\eta}^2 \ln \xi_{\eta}) \\
 & - L_3^r (28\xi_{\pi}^2 \ln \xi_{\pi} + 20\xi_K^2 \ln \xi_K + 4\xi_{\eta}^2 \ln \xi_{\eta}) - L_7^r \frac{64}{3}(\xi_{\pi} - \xi_K)\xi_{\eta} \ln \xi_{\eta} \\
 & + L_4^r (8\xi_{\pi}^2 \ln \xi_{\pi} + 32\xi_K^2 \ln \xi_K + 8\xi_{\eta}^2 \ln \xi_{\eta}) + L_5^r (4\xi_{\pi}^2 \ln \xi_{\pi} - \frac{4}{9}(11\xi_{\pi} - 8\xi_K)\xi_{\eta} \ln \xi_{\eta}) \\
 & + (L_4^r - 2L_6^r)(-8\xi_{\pi} - 16\xi_K + 8(7\xi_{\pi} + 3\xi_K)\xi_{\pi} \ln \xi_{\pi} + 8(\xi_{\pi} + 6\xi_K)\xi_K \ln \xi_K - \frac{8}{3}(\xi_{\pi} - 7\xi_K)\xi_{\eta} \ln \xi_{\eta}) \\
 & + (L_5^r - 2L_8^r)(-8\xi_{\pi} + 36\xi_{\pi}^2 \ln \xi_{\pi} + 8(\xi_{\pi} + 2\xi_K)\xi_K \ln \xi_K + 4\xi_{\pi}\xi_{\eta} \ln \xi_{\eta}) \left. \right] \\
 & + \alpha_1^{\pi} \xi_{\pi}^2 + \alpha_2^{\pi} \xi_{\pi} \xi_K + \alpha_3^{\pi} \xi_K^2
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 m_K^2/m_{sd} = & 2B_0 \left[1 + \frac{1}{12}(\xi_{\pi} + 3\xi_{\eta})/\xi_K \cdot \xi_{\eta} \ln \xi_{\eta} - \frac{3}{4}\xi_{\pi}\xi_K \ln \xi_{\pi} - \frac{3}{4}\xi_K(\xi_{\pi} + \xi_K) \ln \xi_K \right. \\
 & - \frac{1}{4}\xi_{\eta}(\xi_{\pi} + 2\xi_K) \ln \xi_{\eta} - \left(\frac{1}{2}\xi_K/\xi_{\pi} + \frac{27}{32}\right)(\xi_{\pi} \ln \xi_{\pi})^2 - \frac{3}{4}\xi_{\pi}\xi_K \ln \xi_{\pi} \ln \xi_K \\
 & + \frac{1}{12}(\xi_{\pi}/\xi_K - \frac{41}{4})\xi_{\pi}\xi_{\eta} \ln \xi_{\pi} \ln \xi_{\eta} - \frac{1}{8}(3\xi_{\pi}/\xi_K + \frac{251}{9})(\xi_K \ln \xi_K)^2 - \frac{2}{3}\xi_K \xi_{\eta} \ln \xi_K \ln \xi_{\eta} \\
 & - \frac{1}{1152} (43\xi_{\pi}^2/(\xi_{\eta}\xi_K) + 225\xi_{\pi}/\xi_K + 32) (\xi_{\eta} \ln \xi_{\eta})^2 \\
 & + \frac{3}{8}H(\xi_{\pi}, \xi_{\pi}, \xi_K, \xi_K)(2\xi_{\pi} + \xi_K) + \frac{1}{4}H(\xi_{\pi}, \xi_K, \xi_{\eta}, \xi_K)\xi_K \\
 & - \frac{3}{32}H(\xi_K, \xi_{\pi}, \xi_{\pi}, \xi_K)\xi_K + \frac{9}{16}H(\xi_K, \xi_{\pi}, \xi_{\eta}, \xi_K)\xi_K + \frac{3}{4}H(\xi_K, \xi_K, \xi_K, \xi_K)\xi_K \\
 & + \frac{181}{288}H(\xi_K, \xi_{\eta}, \xi_{\eta}, \xi_K)\xi_K - \frac{3}{2}H_1(\xi_{\pi}, \xi_{\pi}, \xi_K, \xi_K)\xi_K - \frac{3}{2}H_1(\xi_K, \xi_{\pi}, \xi_{\eta}, \xi_K)\xi_K \\
 & - \frac{5}{4}H_1(\xi_K, \xi_{\eta}, \xi_{\eta}, \xi_K)\xi_K + \frac{9}{4}H_{21}(\xi_{\pi}, \xi_{\pi}, \xi_K, \xi_K)\xi_K - \frac{9}{32}H_{21}(\xi_K, \xi_{\pi}, \xi_{\pi}, \xi_K)\xi_K \\
 & + \frac{27}{16}H_{21}(\xi_K, \xi_{\pi}, \xi_{\eta}, \xi_K)\xi_K + \frac{9}{4}H_{21}(\xi_K, \xi_K, \xi_K, \xi_K)\xi_K + \frac{27}{32}H_{21}(\xi_K, \xi_{\eta}, \xi_{\eta}, \xi_K)\xi_K \\
 & - L_1^r (48\xi_{\pi}^2 \ln \xi_{\pi} + 72\xi_K^2 \ln \xi_K + 16\xi_{\eta}^2 \ln \xi_{\eta}) - L_2^r (12\xi_{\pi}^2 \ln \xi_{\pi} + 36\xi_K^2 \ln \xi_K + 4\xi_{\eta}^2 \ln \xi_{\eta}) \\
 & - L_3^r (15\xi_{\pi}^2 \ln \xi_{\pi} + 30\xi_K^2 \ln \xi_K + 7\xi_{\eta}^2 \ln \xi_{\eta}) - L_7^r \frac{32}{3}(\xi_{\pi}^2/\xi_K - 3\xi_{\pi} + 2\xi_K)\xi_{\eta} \ln \xi_{\eta} \\
 & + L_4^r (24\xi_{\pi}^2 \ln \xi_{\pi} + 16\xi_K^2 \ln \xi_K + 8\xi_{\eta}^2 \ln \xi_{\eta}) - L_5^r \frac{8}{9}(2\xi_{\pi}^2/\xi_K - 9\xi_{\pi} + 4\xi_K)\xi_{\eta} \ln \xi_{\eta} \\
 & - 4(L_4^r - 2L_6^r)(2\xi_{\pi} + 4\xi_K - (11\xi_{\pi} + 8\xi_K)\xi_{\pi} \ln \xi_{\pi} - 2(\xi_{\pi} + 8\xi_K)\xi_K \ln \xi_K + \frac{1}{3}(5\xi_{\pi} - 8\xi_K)\xi_{\eta} \ln \xi_{\eta}) \\
 & - 4(L_5^r - 2L_8^r)(2\xi_K - (3\xi_{\pi} + 4\xi_K)\xi_{\pi} \ln \xi_{\pi} - 8\xi_K^2 \ln \xi_K + \frac{1}{3}(7\xi_{\pi} - 2\xi_{\pi}^2/\xi_K - 8\xi_K)\xi_{\eta} \ln \xi_{\eta}) \left. \right] \\
 & + \alpha_1^K \xi_{\pi}(\xi_{\pi} - \xi_K) + \alpha_2^K \xi_K(\xi_K - \xi_{\pi}) + (\alpha_1^{\pi} + \alpha_2^{\pi} + \alpha_3^{\pi})\xi_{\pi}\xi_K.
 \end{aligned}$$

N_f=2+1, NNLO ChPT



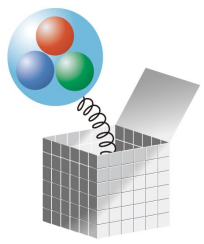
● f_π, f_K Amoros, Bijens and Talavera, 2000

$$\begin{aligned}
 f_\pi = f_0 & \left[1 - \xi_\pi \ln \xi_\pi - \frac{1}{2} \xi_K \ln \xi_K + \left(\frac{3}{4} \xi_\pi + \frac{1}{2} \xi_K \right) \xi_\pi \ln \xi_\pi + \left(\frac{1}{8} \xi_\pi + \frac{1}{2} \xi_K \right) \xi_K \ln \xi_K \right. \\
 & + \left(\frac{87}{32} + \frac{1}{4} \xi_K / \xi_\pi \right) (\xi_\pi \ln \xi_\pi)^2 + 2 \xi_\pi \xi_K \ln \xi_\pi \ln \xi_K + \left(\frac{5}{4} - \frac{1}{8} \xi_\pi / \xi_K \right) (\xi_K \ln \xi_K)^2 + \frac{3}{32} (\xi_\eta \ln \xi_\eta)^2 \\
 & - \frac{1}{2} H(\xi_\pi, \xi_\pi, \xi_\pi, \xi_\pi) \xi_\pi + \frac{1}{16} H(\xi_\pi, \xi_K, \xi_K, \xi_\pi) (\xi_\pi - 8 \xi_K) - \frac{3}{16} H(\xi_\eta, \xi_K, \xi_K, \xi_\pi) \xi_\eta \\
 & + \frac{5}{12} H'(\xi_\pi, \xi_\pi, \xi_\pi, \xi_\pi) \xi_\pi^2 + \frac{1}{2} H'(\xi_\pi, \xi_K, \xi_K, \xi_\pi) \xi_\pi (\xi_K - \frac{5}{8} \xi_\pi) + \frac{1}{36} H'(\xi_\pi, \xi_\eta, \xi_\eta, \xi_\pi) \xi_\pi^2 \\
 & + \frac{1}{48} H'(\xi_K, \xi_K, \xi_\eta, \xi_\pi) \xi_\pi (12 \xi_K - 23 \xi_\pi) + \frac{1}{2} H'_1(\xi_\pi, \xi_K, \xi_K, \xi_\pi) \xi_\pi^2 + H'_1(\xi_K, \xi_K, \xi_\eta, \xi_\pi) \xi_K^2 \\
 & + \frac{3}{2} H_{21}(\xi_\pi, \xi_\pi, \xi_\pi, \xi_\pi) \xi_\pi^2 - \frac{3}{16} H_{21}(\xi_\pi, \xi_K, \xi_K, \xi_\pi) \xi_\pi^2 + \frac{3}{2} H_{21}(\xi_K, \xi_\pi, \xi_K, \xi_\pi) \xi_K^2 \\
 & + \frac{9}{16} H'_{21}(\xi_\eta, \xi_K, \xi_K, \xi_\pi) \xi_\pi^2 \\
 & + L_1^r (28 \xi_\pi^2 \ln \xi_\pi + 32 \xi_K^2 \ln \xi_K + 8 \xi_\eta^2 \ln \xi_\eta) + L_2^r (16 \xi_\pi^2 \ln \xi_\pi + 8 \xi_K^2 \ln \xi_K + 2 \xi_\eta^2 \ln \xi_\eta) \\
 & + L_3^r (14 \xi_\pi^2 \ln \xi_\pi + 10 \xi_K^2 \ln \xi_K + 2 \xi_\eta^2 \ln \xi_\eta) \\
 & + L_4^r (4 \xi_\pi + 8 \xi_K - (26 \xi_\pi + 24 \xi_K) \xi_\pi \ln \xi_\pi - (6 \xi_\pi + 28 \xi_K) \xi_K \ln \xi_K + (2 \xi_\pi - 8 \xi_K) \xi_\eta \ln \xi_\eta) \\
 & \left. + L_5^r (4 \xi_\pi - 20 \xi_\pi^2 \ln \xi_\pi - 10 \xi_\pi \xi_K \ln \xi_K) \right] + \beta_1^\pi \xi_\pi^2 + \beta_2^\pi \xi_\pi \xi_K + \beta_3^\pi \xi_K^2
 \end{aligned}$$

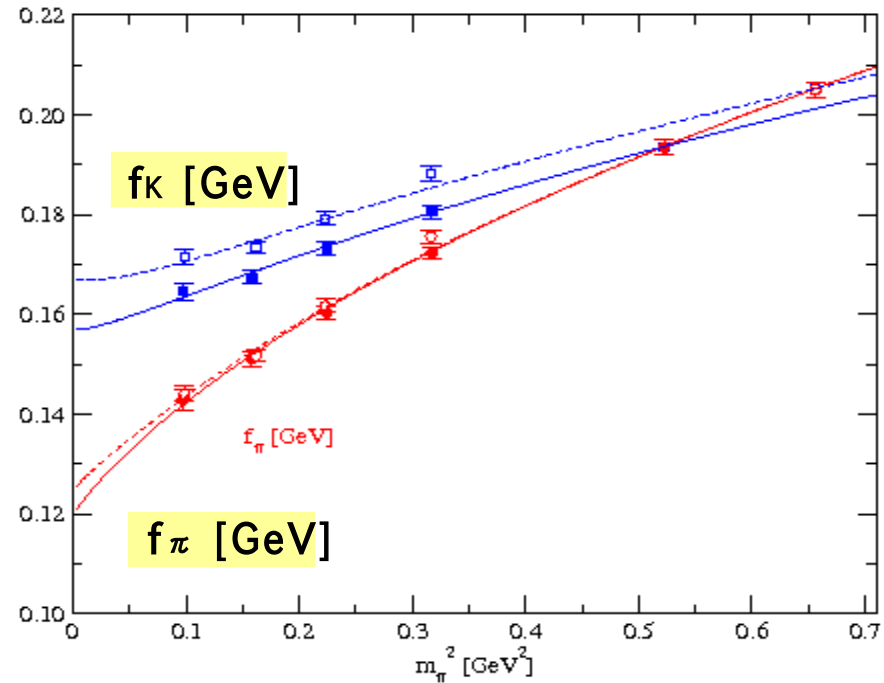
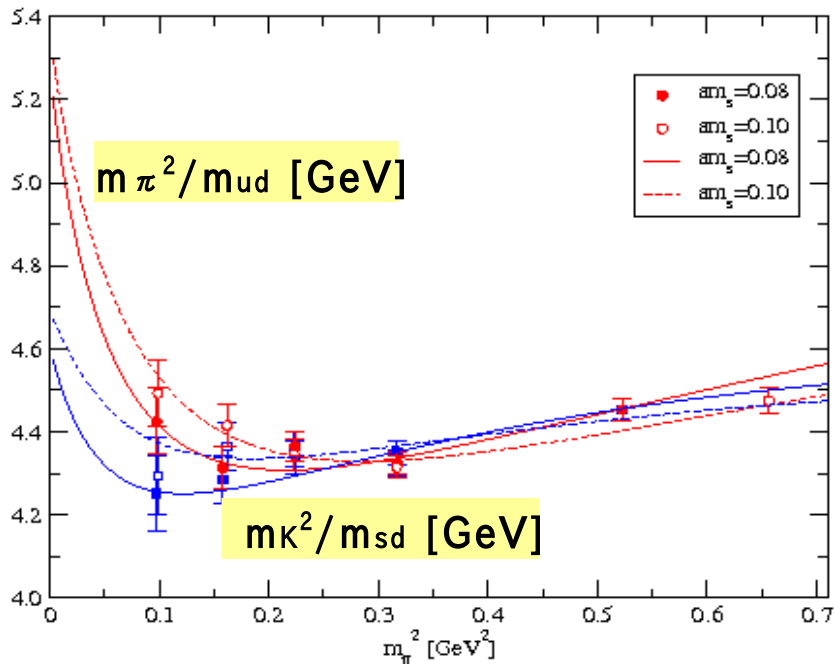
$$\begin{aligned}
 f_K = f_0 & \left[1 - \frac{3}{8} \xi_\pi \ln \xi_\pi - \frac{3}{4} \xi_K \ln \xi_K - \frac{3}{8} \xi_\eta \ln \xi_\eta + \frac{15}{32} \xi_K \xi_\pi \ln \xi_\pi + \frac{3}{8} (\xi_\pi + \frac{3}{2} \xi_K) \xi_\pi \ln \xi_\pi \right. \\
 & + \frac{1}{8} (\xi_\pi + \frac{11}{4} \xi_K) \xi_\eta \ln \xi_\eta + \frac{3}{32} (\frac{43}{4} + \xi_K / \xi_\pi) (\xi_\pi \ln \xi_\pi)^2 + \frac{63}{32} \xi_\pi \xi_K \ln \xi_\pi \ln \xi_K + \frac{57}{64} \xi_\pi \xi_\eta \ln \xi_\pi \ln \xi_\eta \\
 & + \frac{3}{16} (\frac{17}{2} + \xi_\pi / \xi_K) (\xi_K \ln \xi_K)^2 + \frac{3}{32} \xi_K \xi_\eta \ln \xi_K \ln \xi_\eta + \frac{9}{32} (1 + \frac{1}{4} \xi_\pi / \xi_\eta) (\xi_\eta \ln \xi_\eta)^2 \\
 & - \frac{3}{64} H(\xi_\pi, \xi_\pi, \xi_K, \xi_K) (8 \xi_\pi - \xi_K) - \frac{9}{32} H(\xi_K, \xi_\pi, \xi_\eta, \xi_K) \xi_K - \frac{3}{8} H(\xi_K, \xi_K, \xi_K, \xi_K) \xi_K \\
 & - \frac{9}{64} H(\xi_K, \xi_\eta, \xi_\eta, \xi_K) \xi_K + \frac{3}{16} H'(\xi_\pi, \xi_\pi, \xi_K, \xi_K) \xi_K (2 \xi_\pi + \xi_K) + \frac{13}{32} H'(\xi_\pi, \xi_K, \xi_\eta, \xi_K) \xi_K^2 \\
 & - \frac{3}{64} H'(\xi_K, \xi_\pi, \xi_\pi, \xi_K) \xi_K^2 + \frac{3}{8} H'(\xi_K, \xi_K, \xi_K, \xi_K) \xi_K^2 + \frac{181}{576} H'(\xi_K, \xi_\eta, \xi_\eta, \xi_K) \xi_K^2 \\
 & - \frac{3}{4} H'_1(\xi_\pi, \xi_\pi, \xi_K, \xi_K) \xi_K^2 - \frac{3}{4} H'_1(\xi_K, \xi_\pi, \xi_\eta, \xi_K) \xi_K^2 - \frac{5}{8} H'_1(\xi_K, \xi_\eta, \xi_\eta, \xi_K) \xi_K^2 \\
 & + \frac{9}{8} H_{21}(\xi_\pi, \xi_\pi, \xi_K, \xi_K) \xi_K^2 - \frac{9}{64} H_{21}(\xi_K, \xi_\pi, \xi_\pi, \xi_K) \xi_K^2 + \frac{27}{32} H_{21}(\xi_K, \xi_\pi, \xi_\eta, \xi_K) \xi_K^2 \\
 & + \frac{9}{8} H_{21}(\xi_K, \xi_K, \xi_K, \xi_K) \xi_K^2 + \frac{27}{64} H'_{21}(\xi_K, \xi_\eta, \xi_\eta, \xi_K) \xi_K^2 \\
 & + 4 L_1^r (6 \xi_\pi^2 \ln \xi_\pi + 9 \xi_K^2 \ln \xi_K + 2 \xi_\eta^2 \ln \xi_\eta) + 2 L_2^r (3 \xi_\pi^2 \ln \xi_\pi + 9 \xi_K^2 \ln \xi_K + \xi_\eta^2 \ln \xi_\eta) \\
 & + L_3^r (\frac{15}{2} \xi_\pi^2 \ln \xi_\pi + 15 \xi_K^2 \ln \xi_K + \frac{7}{2} \xi_\eta^2 \ln \xi_\eta) \\
 & + L_4^r (4 \xi_\pi + 8 \xi_K - (\frac{47}{2} \xi_\pi + 19 \xi_K) \xi_\pi \ln \xi_\pi - (7 \xi_\pi + 30 \xi_K) \xi_K \ln \xi_K + (\frac{1}{2} \xi_\pi - 11 \xi_K) \xi_\eta \ln \xi_\eta) \\
 & \left. + L_5^r (4 \xi_K - (3 \xi_\pi + \frac{19}{2} \xi_K) \xi_\pi \ln \xi_\pi - (6 \xi_\pi + 7 \xi_K) \xi_K \ln \xi_K - (3 \xi_\pi + \frac{3}{2} \xi_K) \xi_\eta \ln \xi_\eta) \right] \\
 & + \beta_1^K \xi_\pi (\xi_\pi - \xi_K) + \beta_2^K \xi_K (\xi_K - \xi_\pi) + (\beta_1^\pi + \beta_2^\pi + \beta_3^\pi) \xi_\pi \xi_K
 \end{aligned}$$

- ▶ Inputs: L₁^r, L₂^r, L₃^r, L₇^r
- ▶ 16 fit parameters, 36 data points

$N_f = 2+1$, NNLO ChPT

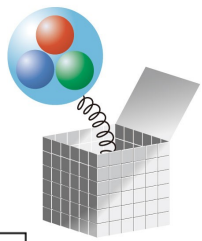


● Fit curves ($\chi^2/\text{dof} = 1.36$)



- ▶ Large statistical error in LECs
- ▶ More $m_{ud}=m_s$ data points (**unitary points**) wanted
- ▶ **Finite size effects** to be studied

Preliminary results



$$f_0 = 110(40) \text{ MeV}$$

$$\Sigma_0 = [214(24) \text{ MeV}]^3$$

$$L^r_4(m_\rho) = -1.17(82) \times 10^{-3}$$

$$L^r_5(m_\rho) = -1.1(1.3) \times 10^{-3}$$

$$L^r_6(m_\rho) = -0.40(33) \times 10^{-3}$$

$$L^r_8(m_\rho) = 0.59(16) \times 10^{-3}$$

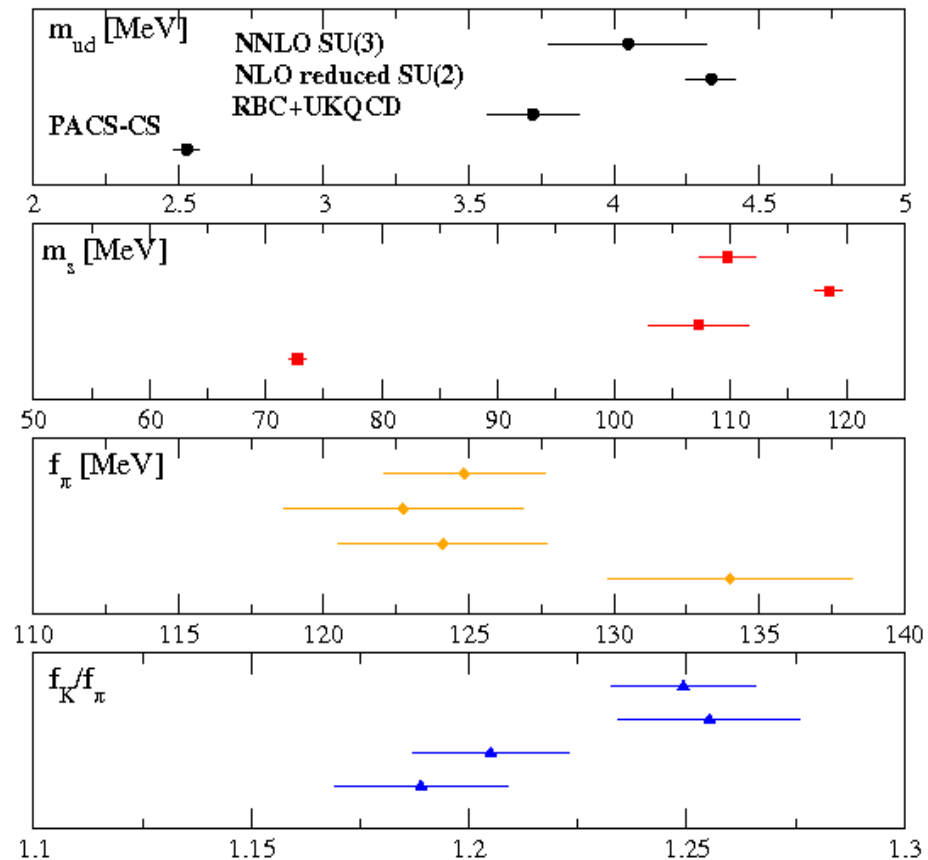
$$m_{ud}(2\text{GeV}) = 4.03(14) \text{ MeV}$$

$$m_s(2\text{GeV}) = 108.9(1.3) \text{ MeV}$$

$$f_\pi = 124.7(3.4) \text{ MeV}$$

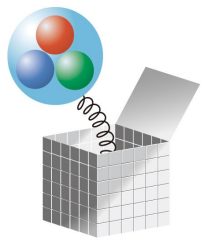
$$f_K = 154.8(2.7) \text{ MeV}$$

$$f_K/f_\pi = 1.241(19)$$



- ▶ $r_0 = 0.49 \text{ fm}$ is used to determine a^{-1} .
- ▶ could be determined with f_π
 - $r_0 = 0.47 \text{ fm}$: agrees with other lattice calcs.

Summary & Future plan



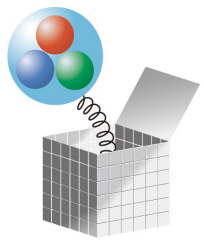
● Convergence of ChPT

- ▶ **Not clear at NLO.**
- ▶ Tested options for kaon physics on the lattice.
 - Reduced SU(2) ChPT
 - Full SU(3) to NNLO.

● Plans for near future

- ▶ Finalization of planned projects (B_K , form factors, etc)
- ▶ Unitary SU(3) points → Useful to determine LECs
- ▶ Reweighting method to get physical strange mass point
- ▶ Larger volume to check FSE: Coming soon

Thank you for your attention.



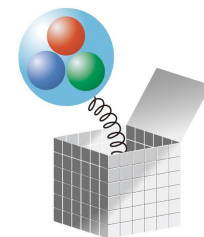
Backup slides



6/10/2009, EPOCHAL TSUKUBA

J.Noaki for JLQCD

Data points



- Light meson spectrum: “A touchstone of LQCD”
- Data improved with **low-lying modes**

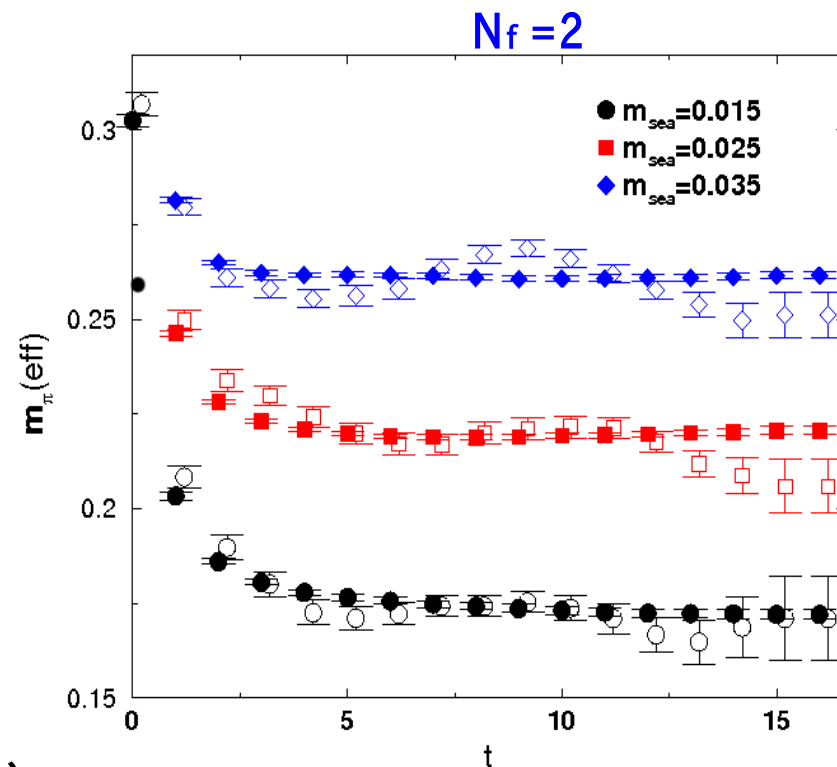
Giusti et al., 2003; DeGrand & Schaefer, 2004

$$D_{ov} u_i = \lambda_i u_i$$

$$S_q(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}) = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^N u_i(\mathbf{x}) u_i(\mathbf{y})}{\lambda_i + m_q} + S_q^{\text{High}}(t)$$

$$C(t) = C^{\text{HH}}(t) + C^{\text{HL}}(t) + C^{\text{LH}}(t) + C^{\text{LL}}(t)$$

averaging



- FSE corrections with ChPT ($m_\pi L < 3$)

Luscher, 1985; Colangelo et al., 2005

- ▶ Luscher's formulae **at most -4% (m_π^2), +5% (f_π)**
- ▶ Fixed topology collection **+4% +0.1%**
- ▶ Justified due to the exact chiral symmetry